

Repairhints

Communicator 9000/9000i RAE/K-1/4



GENERAL

-General handling

PDA-module GP-1, SIM-Flex GEM-1 and PDA-LCD are the same for all products.
CMT-module GE-8s (MCM1 code 0200725) and User Interface-module GK-2 are meant for RAE-1/I,
while GE-9s (MCM1 code 0200865) and UI-module GK-2-1 are meant for RAK-1/I.

To find out a failure easier, interchange separate modules with some which are working proper,
so that you can define the fault to a single module. Check general every connector for broken
solderings, if bent or soiled.

EMC grounding tape is recommended to replace always with new one after removal.

Take care not to destroy HF-Microphone and Coax-cable when assembling the communicator,
further more it is absolutely necessary to use the right screws at their intended places!

-Component characteristics:

Some components contain important data.

Several described steps are only practicable if you are able to reflash/ realign the phone and/or rewrite
IMEI/SIMlock in certain cases. Please pay attention to separate notes.

-Realign after repair

Characteristics of replacement parts are different.

To prevent additional faults after repair (eg. low standby time, loosing network etc...) it is necessary
to retune phone values after repair.

INTRODUCTION

IMPORTANT:

This document is intended for use by authorized NOKIA service centers only.

The purpose of this document is to provide some further service information for NOKIA Communicator 9000/I. It contains a lot of collected tips and hints to find failures and repair solutions easily. It also will give support to the inexperienced technicians. Saving process time and improving the repair quality is the aim of using this document. We have built it up based on fault symptoms (listed in "Contents") followed by detailed description for further analysis. It is to be used additionally to the service manual and other service information like Service Bulletins, for that reason it doesn't contain any circuit descriptions or schematics.

All measurements are made using following equipment:

Nokia repair SW	: PCLocals V 1.9 for GSM / PC Locals V 0.7 for PCN
Nokia Module Jig	: MJS-1
Digital multimeter	: Fluke 73
Oscilloscope	: Hitachi V-1565; Fluke PM 3380A/B
Spectrum Analyser	: Advantest R3131 with an analogue probe
RF-Generator /	: Rohde & Schwarz CMU 200
GSM Tester	
Temperature chamber	: Vötsch VT 4002

While every endeavour has been made to ensure the accuracy of this document, some errors may exist. If the reader finds any errors, NOKIA should be notified in writing, using following procedure:

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Contents

HW-CHANGES	5
UI-PROBLEMS	6
SIMCARD FAULTS	7
NOT CHARGING	10
SELFTEST FAILED	12
CMT DOES NOT SWITCH ON	13
SWITCHES OFF INTERMITTENT	15
PDA MODULE FAULTY	16
POOR OR NO SERVICE (RAE-1)	17
LOW OR NO TX POWER (RAE-1)	19
POOR OR NO SERVICE (RAK-1)	21
LOW OR NO TX POWER (RAK-1)	23
TX I/Q PROBLEMS	25
SIGNAL CHARTS	26
CHANGE HISTORY	29

HARDWARE CHANGES RAE-1 / RAK-1

SB 010 / RAE-1

STRANGE CHARACTERS ON THE DISPLAY

In some communicators the phone display (LCD) becomes scrambled if the user has pressed e.g. 2-5-8-0 keys of the phone's keypad very quickly. Typically there will be additional, missing or odd pixels at the top of the field strength or battery level bars. To prevent these strange characters to appear at the display, the value of C346 has been changed from 100 pF to 47 pF (On GE8 module).

SB 015 / RAE-1 SB 004 / RAK-1

NEW REED RELAY S170

This new relay is more reliable and sensitive than the old one. Change if display message "PLEASE CLOSE COVER" appears while cover is fully closed.

This modified relay was used in production from IMEI number 490169/10/041518/0.

SB 017

NEW HARDWARE VERSIONS 5.0 AND 5.1

To improve phone's LCD functionality and for better PDA-performance, several changes have been done, for details see Service Bulletin 017

USER INTERFACE PROBLEMS

Check all connectors and flexfoils for their condition –if bent, dirty or poor soldered.

Display failures

CMT: Too low or too strong Display contrast or missing segments:
Check for poor soldering and/or mechanical condition of flexfoil
Check if **segments missing** after fast pressing keypad (eg. keys 2-5-8-0)
If this is the case – change **C346** from 100pf to 47 pf
see also **Service Bulletin 010** for GE8 Modul
unstable LCD backlight – change PSL **N230**

PDA: Bad or flickering LCD – Display driver defect – change Display
LCD Contrast problems – check/change **R93, R97**

Audio failures

Always check **GEM-1** SIMFLEX connections / – connectors **X001 (UI)** and **X212 (CMT)**

Bad Audio Quality incoming (Xmic) – check Earphone **B001** if dirty / change if necessary.
Bad Audio Quality outgoing (MicX) – check Mic **B002** for dirt / change if necessary.
Ringing tone problems – check Buzzer **B003** if dirty or bend / change if necessary.

Keypad failures

If there are problems with any keypad and/or functionkeys –
Metal key domes are possibly mechanically defect –
disconnect CMT LCD and change **GK2 / GK2-1** PCB.

SIM failures

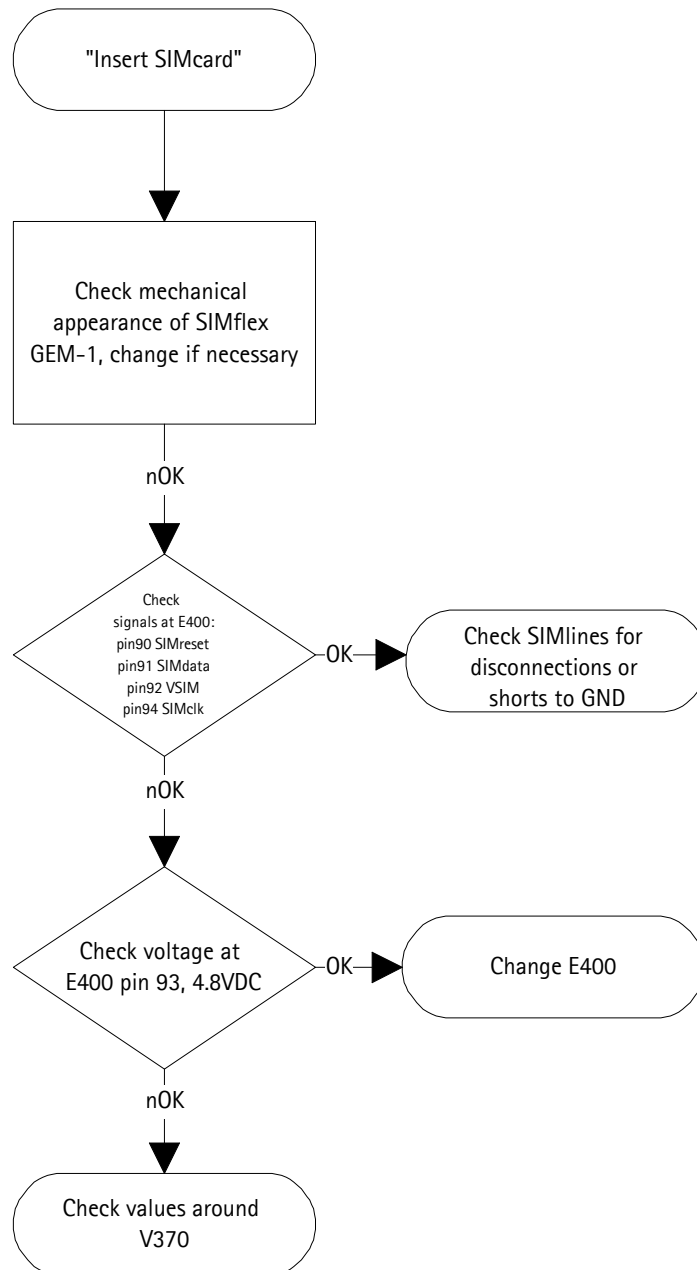
Check mechanical condition of **GEM-1** SIMFLEX.
Check connections / –connectors of SIMFLEX.
Check pads of SIMCARD reader **X002** if bent.
Change **GEM-1** SIMFLEX if necessary.

General start problems

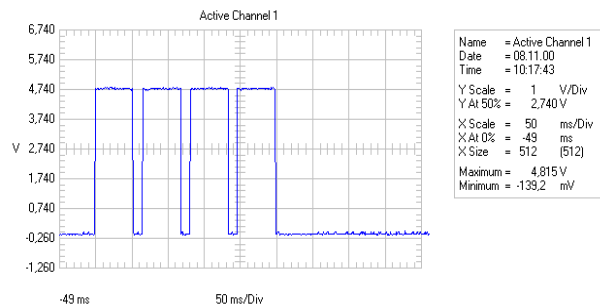
Internal failure respectively Screensaver Error GEOS.ini.
Try to format and make SW – update after formatting.
This can be done with service-software
or by pressing Shift + Esc + F and installing the battery to boot the communicator.
Keep the keys pressed until you get a screen to confirm the formatting.

Note that formatting will remove all user-generated data. You should save user's data before proceed !

SIMCARD FAULTS

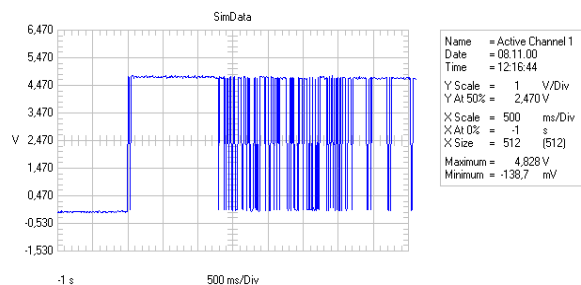
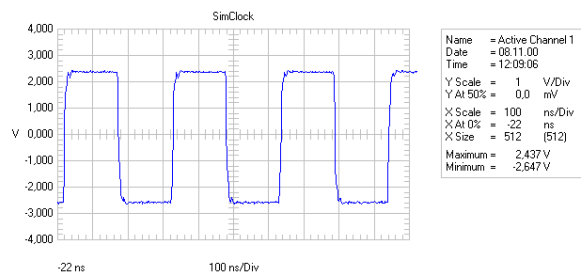


VSIM after switching on the phone without SIMcard. E 400 pulses up VSIM four times to an amplitude of 5 Volt.

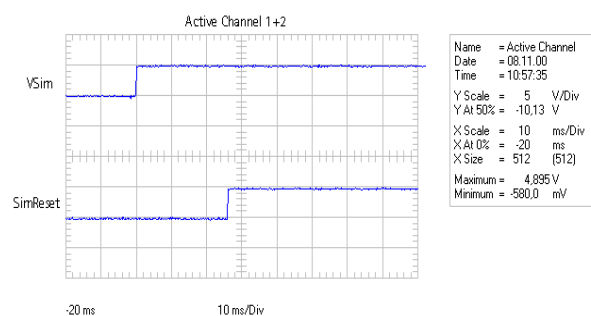


If the phone is switched on with SIMcard Vsim keeps on 5 Volt expected that SIMcard is not dirty or damaged.

Note that SIMClock and SIMData are only present when SIMcard is active, for example when phone registers to network. Some SIMcards do not allow to switch off SIMClock but the clock-frequency can be reduced from 3.25MHz to 1.625MHz if SIMcard is not used.



SIMReset is low-active, that means that the Simcard will be reseted when SIMReset is 0 Volt.
This is the case after switching on the phone. While VSIM is already high, SIMReset keeps low for a few milliseconds – in this time the card will be reseted.



SIMflex GEM-1

Check mechanical appearance of flexfoil, change if pads torn off or traces are damaged.

SIMlines faulty

Check connection between

E400 pin 90 and X212 pin 7 (100 Ohm, R331).

E400 pin 91 and X212 pin 9 (100 Ohm, R338).

E400 pin 94 and X212 pin 6 (68 Ohm, R330).

E400 pin 92 and X212 pin 8 (resistance is 1800 Ohm, to ensure functionality check also V330/331!).

Check resistance of SIMlines to GND at X212, value shouldn't decrease 100kOhm.

E 400 faulty

If SIMlines keep inactive even though SIMcard is inserted, Sim-Flex is ok, SIMlines have no shorts to ground and voltage at E400 pin 93 is 4.8 Volt, it is necessary to change E400. Note that you have to realign phone values after changing E400.

NOT CHARGING

If it is necessary to take measurements in the charging-circuit you have the possibility to activate charging-mode in the service-jig by closing SW 1!

Nothing happens if charger is connected

First check X121 and PAR-1 if soiled or oxidized.

Check Vcharge-line for disconnections. Charger-voltage is supplied via connector X121, over L970 / V970 (overvoltage-protection, located on PDA-board) to board-to-board connector X102/201 and from there to V250/251, which are responsible for the fault in most cases.

If charger-voltage is ok at V250 or fault persists after changing V250/251, check CHRDET at E400

Pin 97 (~ 4V DC when charging active).

"Not charging" appears on LCD

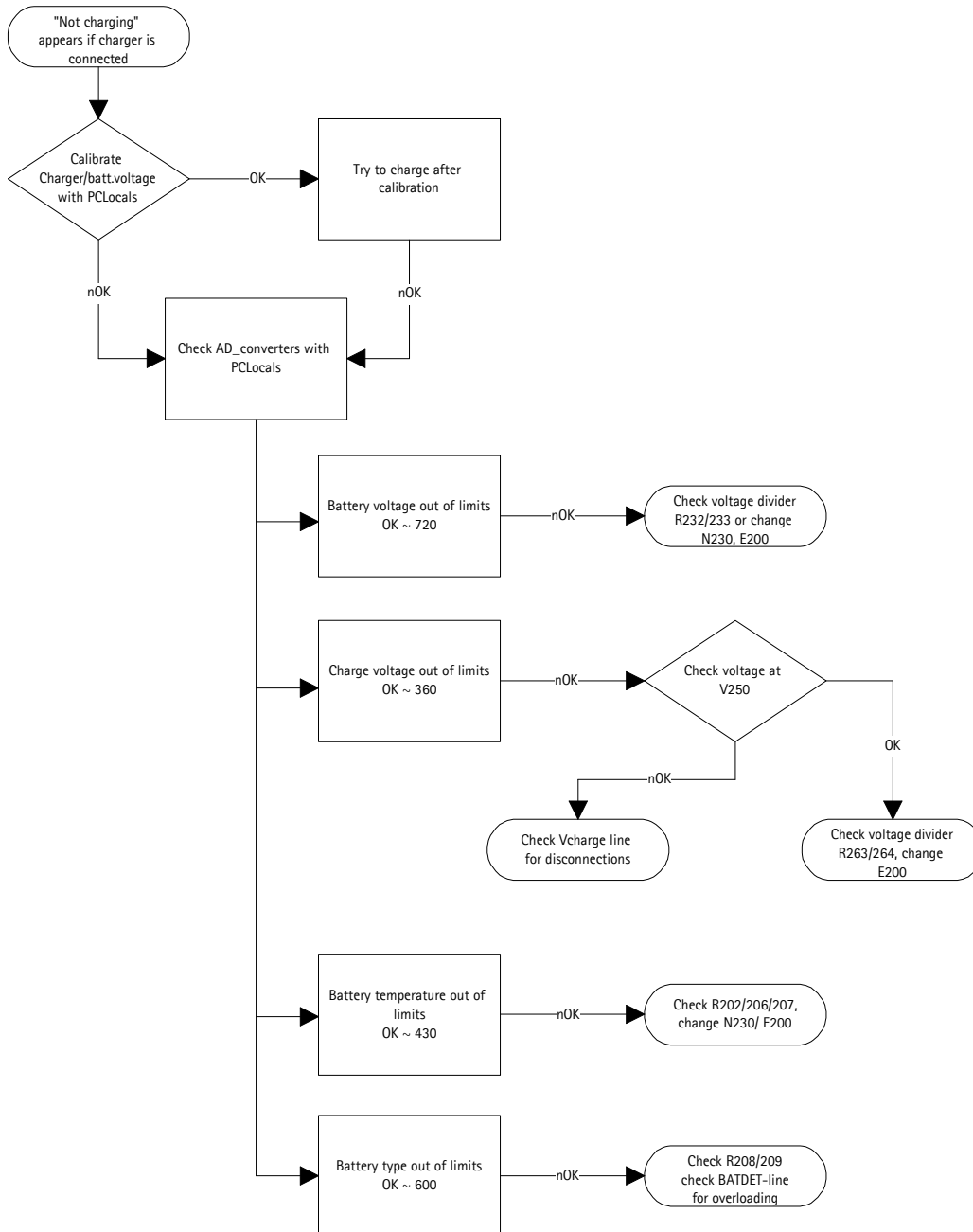
Calibrate battery/charger voltage with PCLocals under CMT Testing and Adjustments/Adjustments/Battery & Charge Voltage Adjustment, values should be ~ 300 for charge voltage and ~ 600 for battery voltage. If any AD-value is out of reference, check corresponding voltage-divider (see table below). If calibration is ok but charging still not possible, check AD converters for Battery temp/type with PCLocals under CMT Testings and Adjustments/Logic Controls/Read AD-Converters.

	AD-value reference	Possible reason if AD-value is not ok
Battery voltage	~ 720*	Check voltage divider R232/233 change N230 or E200
Charger voltage	~ 360*	Check voltage divider R263/264 change E200
Battery temperature	~ 430	Check R202, R206/207 change N230 or E200
Battery type	~ 600	Check R208/209 check BATDET line for overload or disconnection

* The AD-values of battery/charger voltage in the table differ from the values in calibration because calibration is done with 6 Volt while AD-converters are read with a battery voltage of 7.2 Volt.

If charging is possible when communicator is switched on but charger is not recognized in off-state mode, check voltage at N230 pin 11, which is normally 1.7V DC. The only function of CHRDETI line is to get phone from off-state mode into acting-dead mode (phone is powered up but to the user it seems that phone is still switched off, only the battery indicator is scrolling). If there is a disconnection in CHRDETI-line, above mentioned fault will appear.

NOT CHARGING



SELFTTEST FAILED

If "Selftest failed" appears on LCD, MCU (located on MCM1) is able to work and the watchdog of PSL (N230) can be served.

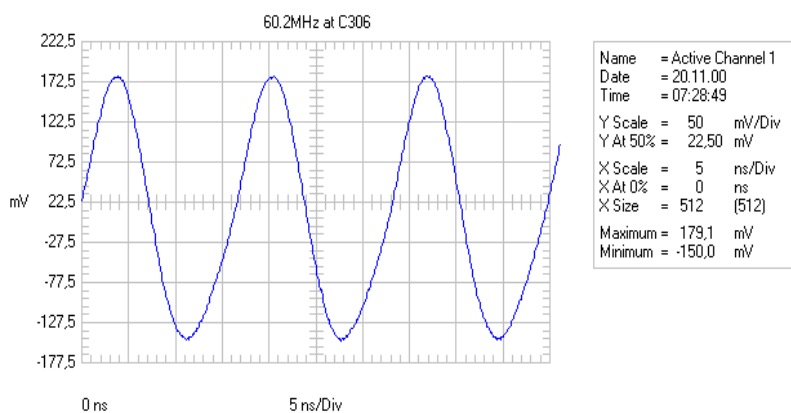
To get more information about the fault use PCLocals: initialise CMT to local mode and choose CMT Power up Selftests.

Try to flash CMT-module in case of failed selftests like MCU DSP code download or similar.
In most cases of Selftest failures one of the two multichip-modules E200 / E400 is defect. It is also possible that one defect MCM damages the other, so that you have to change both MCMs in case of doubt.

After changing E200 it is necessary to flash CMT-part. Then you have to write back product-code and HW version, **only after this procedure it is possible to write back the IMEI.**
Don't forget to realign RX/TX-values, because tuning values will be lost after changing E200

Note: Changing of E200 requires IMEI reconstruction process for DCT 1 phones

In case of Selftest failures which appears from time to time check DSP-oscillator. It is enabled by ASIC (Check E400 pin 88, 4.8V DC).
Critical parts are the crystal G300, coil L300 and transformer T300. If it is necessary to change the crystal, take care not to destroy L300, which is thermal sensitive!



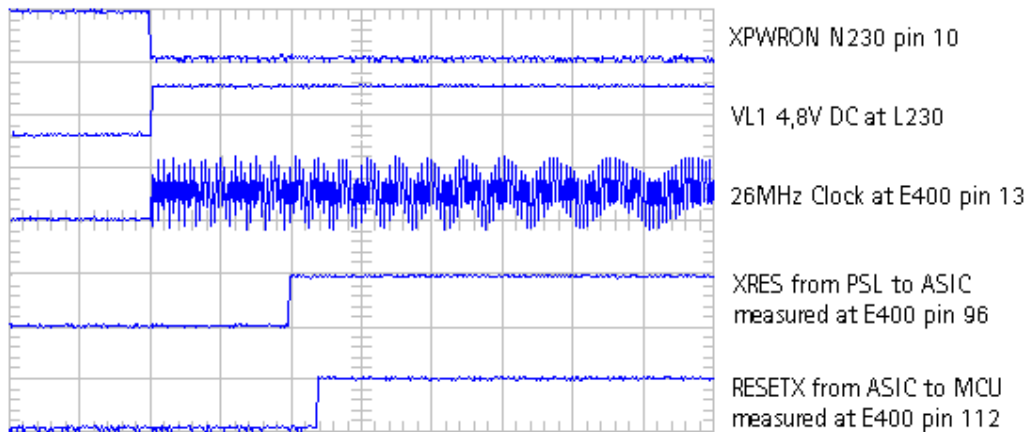
CMT MODULE DOES NOT SWITCH ON

In this case check first of all the fault with the normal battery, do NOT connect a service-battery to the phone. If the CMT-module does not switch on disassemble it and check resistance of capacitors C763 and C790-793. If resistance of every capacitor is ok, you can connect phone to a service-battery to check current consumption – the use of other tools may result in burnt traces !

Off state current should be $\leq 2\text{mA}$, sleep mode current $\leq 20\text{mA}$, call mode current varies between 200mA and 600mA (depends on TX powerlevel and lights).

Note: If module is placed in service-jig, deactivate the PDA-module by closing S170, before powering on CMT with the powerswitch!

It is also not possible to switch on CMT of an assembled communicator with an open lid; you can check state of lid with PCLocals under CMT Testings and Adjustments/Logic Controls/Read AD Converters in local mode: Cover information with open lid ~ 870 , closed ~ 100 .



Voltages in the moment of switching on the CMT-part

If CMT does not switch on, it can also be necessary to update the CMT software.

Because of two different CMT-modules GE-8/GE-9 you have to check out the MCU internal software version.

This is necessary to update the different versions with the matching version of CMT-software,

for example MCU int. SW 2.16 with ext. SW GE8_216.502 and MCU int. SW 2.17 with ext. SW GE8_217.502

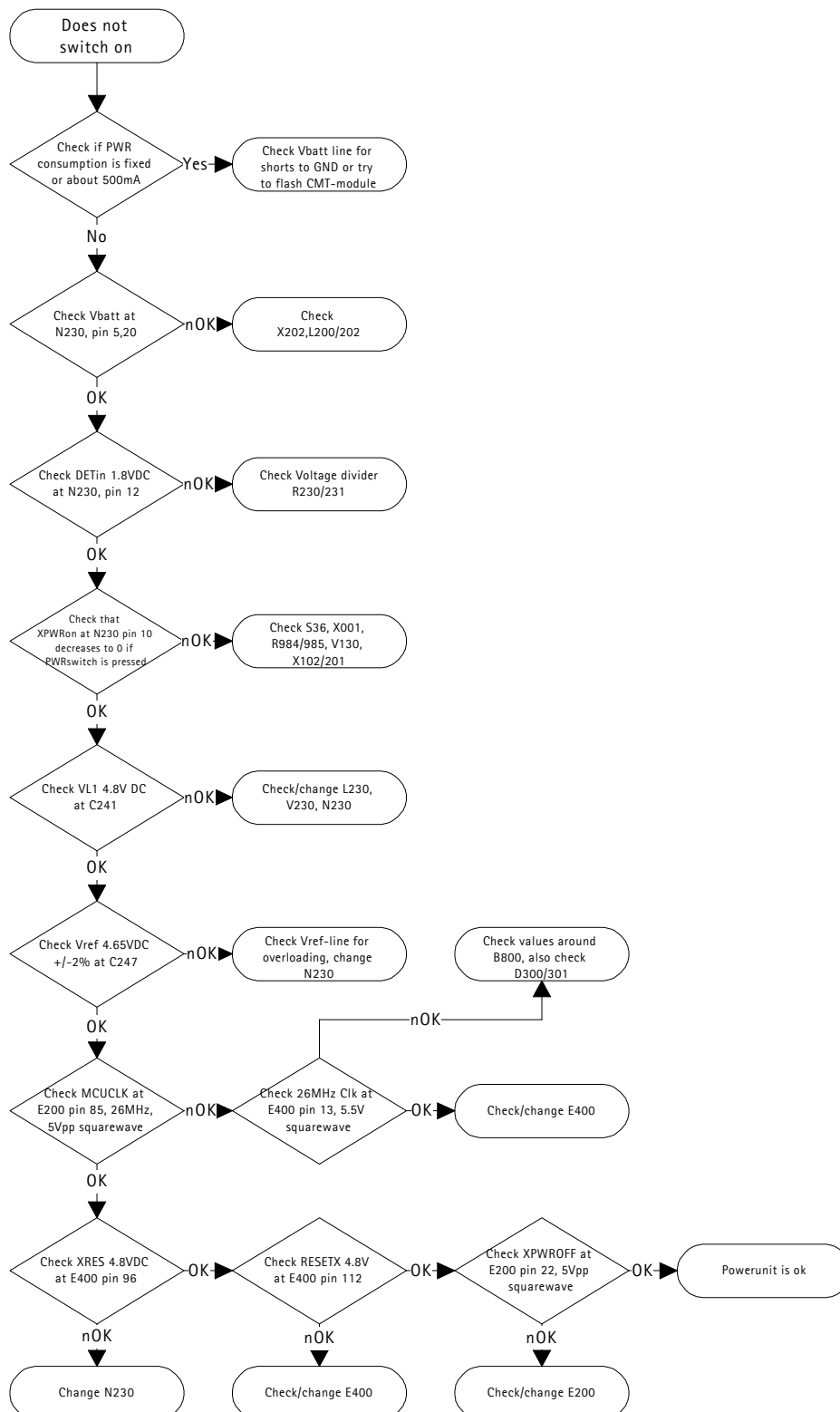
If there is no possibility to read out MCU int. SW, try to flash several times with the different versions.

How to carry out the upgrade procedure of the CMT side SW see also SB-005.

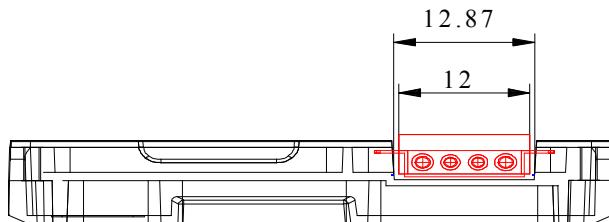
Note that it is necessary to retune RSSI if CMT-SW has been upgraded to version GE8_216.502 / GE8_217.502.

Due to GEOS Operating System licence agreement it is NOT ALLOWED to upgrade Nokia 9000 to Nokia 9000i by using Nokia 9000i Flash (CMT or PDA) SW!

CMT DOES NOT SWITCH ON



SWITCHES OFF INTERMITTENT



If the communicator intermittent switches off itself and the symptom can be reproduced by moving the battery sideways, check that the space between the right edge of connector X202 and the chassis is 0.5mm. If distance is not ok, try to correct it by opening screws of shield and chassis and push CMT-module to the left, check gap after tightening the screws. If this does not work, replace connector X202.

If the communicator switches off itself after turning power on while message „recharge battery“ appears on CMT-display, check voltage at E200 pin 53, should be 3.6V DC. If voltage is not ok, check VBATDET-line between N230 pin 23 and E200 pin 53 for shorts to ground or disconnection. Check also voltage divider R232/233, change N230 or E200 if necessary.

Note that you have to flash CMT-part, write back phone data and realign phone values when changing E200 because it contains both Flash and EEPROM!

PDA – MODULE FAULTY

Because of very detailed troubleshooting diagrams in the service manual we will describe in the following only the most common faults of the PDA-module.

For more information refer to Servicemanual chapter 8 (Faultfinding & Disassembly).

If you suppose a faulty FLASH, never change D163. This part contains the boot-code, which PDA needs to start. Without boot-code PDA won't work, it is even impossible to ping PDA or make SW-update.

As you won't be able to rewrite boot-code, you have to swap module.

PDA-module not initialising

Check Communicator in temperature chamber at +5°C for 10min. if fault occurs only from time to time.

If PDA module does not initialize after temperature check or hangs up, make HW-update as described in SB017.

Other possibilities if HW-update does not solve the problem :

Check connector X121 for cold solderings, if bent or soiled. Check also V970, L970 and C970

PDA does not start

Check state of lid with PCLocals: CMT Testings and Adjustments/Logic Controls/Read AD Converters in local mode: Cover information with open lid ~ 870, closed ~ 100. If value is fixed on ~ 100, check mechanical/electrical appearance of S170, also check R150/151. Probably force of magnet is too low.

Check Vb 7.2V DC at both sides of L80, change coil if necessary.

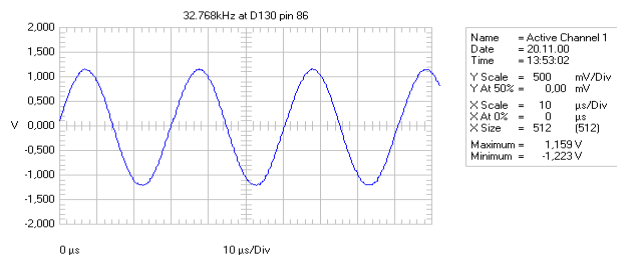
Check voltage at C89, 22V DC. If not ok, check R77 for defect or cold soldering, change N83 if necessary

Check R184 (33 Ohm) for defect or broken solderings

Check voltage at connector X010 pin1 on UI-module, which is 3.3V DC when PDA is active.

If not ok, check R926/927, also check flex foil of PDA-LCD, which can be easily damaged while disassembling.

Check 32.768kHz sinewave at D130 pin 86. In most cases the crystal B130 is defect if signal is not ok.



In some cases it can be necessary to format file system. This can be done with service-software or by pressing Shift + Esc + F and installing the battery to boot the communicator.

Keep the keys pressed until you get a screen to confirm the formatting.

Note that formatting will remove all user-generated data. You should save user's data before proceed !

PDA does not start after screensaver was active/standby-problems

This fault occurs often, if Communicator is checked in temperature chamber at +5°C for 10min.

In this case HW-update as described in SB17 is necessary

Change R120- R129 from 22kOhm to 4.7kOhm and replace D130 with new part (code 4370339)

Screensaver Error GEOS.ini / internal error

It is necessary to format file system and make SW-update.

(press Shift + Esc + F and install battery to boot the communicator; **all user-generated data will be lost!**).

Date & time lost after battery removal

Check that voltage of G87 is ≥ 2.8 VDC. Change if voltage is lower than 2.8V – G87 is NOT chargeable!

PDA Display failures

Bad or flickering LCD – Display driver defect – change Display

LCD Contrast problems – check/change R93, R97

POOR OR NO SERVICE (RAE-1)

First of all: Check the appearance of all mechanical components, connectors and connections like coax cable and connectors X503 / X501 / X035.

If the mechanical condition is OK, calibrate RX/TX values to find out the trouble.

RX failed

Check the TX-spectrum at standard frequency (902MHz /CH 60). If spectrum is ok, check the following points.

Measurements taken by input signal 947 MHz / CH 60 and level -40dBm

Check Data signals coming from MCM2

SCLK : 3Vpp squarewave at R823
SDATA : 4.5Vpp squarewave at R824
SENA1 : 3Vpp squarewave at R825
PDATA0 : 5Vpp squarewave at R507

Change MCM2 / E400 if one or more of these signals failed

If these signals are ok, check the reference frequency of 26 MHz at N820, pin 8, frequency deviation $\leq 50\text{Hz}$., change B800 if necessary.

Check also VREF $4.65\text{VDC} \pm 2\%$ (from PSL)

Check also VPLL, VHLO, VRX, RXPWR and SYNTHPWR: 4.7V, **see diagrams at page #26** and / or change N601 if necessary.

Check UHF oscillator frequency 1018 MHz at N820, pin 6, change G001 if necessary

Check VHF oscillator frequency 232 MHz at N820, pin 15

Check 947 MHz at Z500, RX pin $\sim -50\text{dBm}$

Check 947 MHz at V501, Base pin $\sim -70\text{dBm}$ and output at collector pin $\sim -52\text{dBm}$

Check 947 MHz in and out at Z505, attenuation $\leq 5\text{dBm}$

Change corresponding components

Check UHF 1018 MHz at V511

Check IF 71 MHz at V511 / L511 $\sim -65\text{dB}$ / change V511 if necessary

Check IF 71 MHz at L542 (input of Z541) approximately -37dBm and output of Z541 with $\leq 20\text{dBm}$ attenuation at C545 / C546

Check IF 71 MHz at N551, pin 1,2 $\sim -56\text{dBm}$

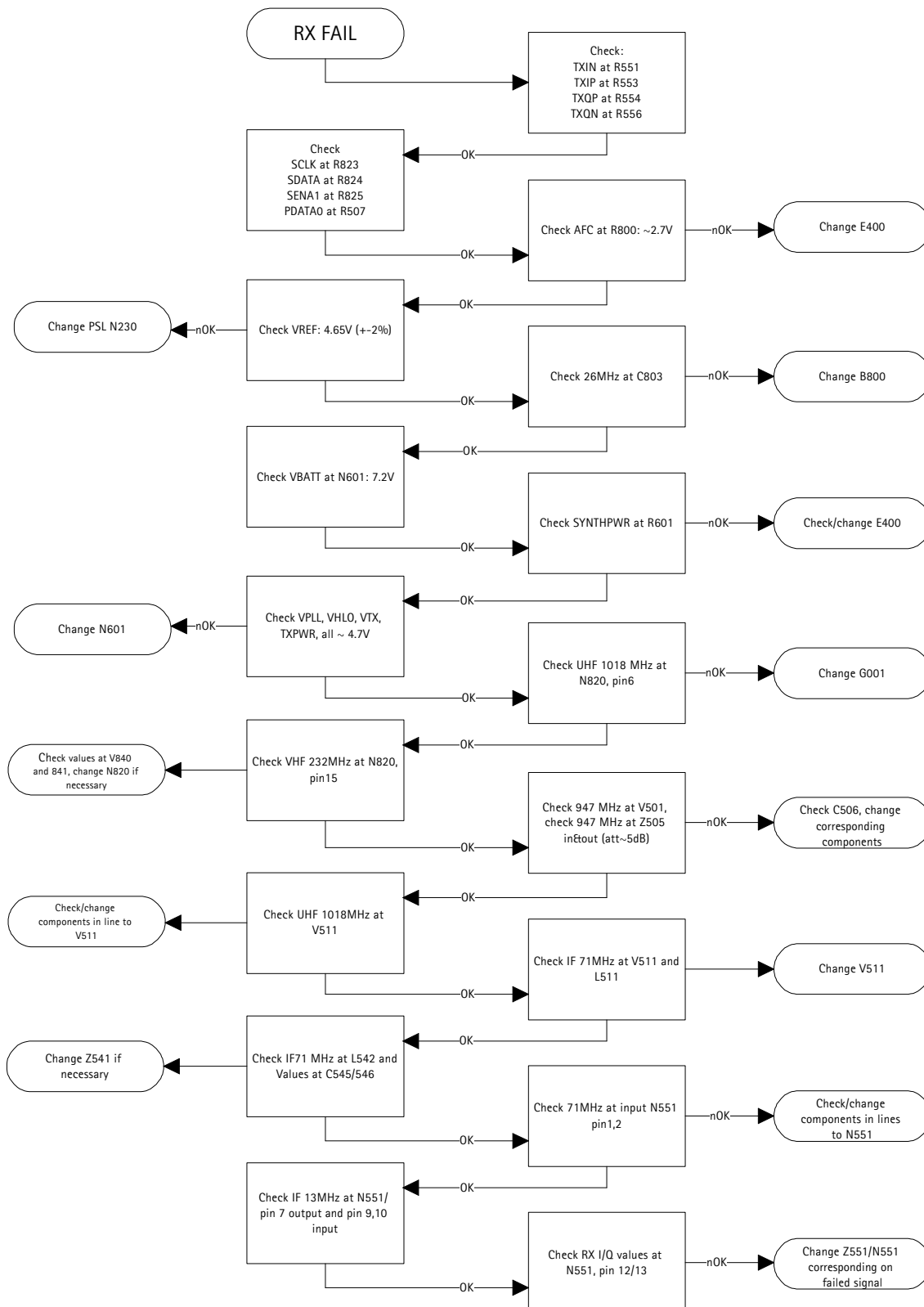
Check IF 13 MHz at N551 out, pin 7 and in at pin 9,10

Check 13 MHz RXI / RXQ $\sim -21\text{dBm}$ at N551, pin 13,12

Change Z551 / N551 if necessary

Note that the measured RF values depend on used measurement equipment.

RAE-1



LOW OR NO TX POWER (RAE-1)

First of all check always the appearance of all mechanical components, connections or connectors like coax cable, and connectors X503 / X501 / X035.

TX failed

Measurements taken by active unit TX channel 60, 902MHz

Check TX I/Q and Data signals coming from MCM2

TXIN	:	400mVpp squarewave at R551
TXIP	:	400mVpp squarewave at R553
TXQP	:	400mVpp squarewave at R554
TXQN	:	400mVpp squarewave at R556
SCLK	:	3Vpp squarewave at R823
SDATA	:	4.5Vpp squarewave at R824
SENA1	:	3Vpp squarewave at R825 and/or see diagrams at page 26

Change MCM2 / E400 if one or more of these signals failed

If these signals are ok check the reference frequency of 26 MHz at N820, pin 8, frequency deviation $\leq 50\text{Hz}$.

change B800 if necessary

Check also VREF $4.65\text{VDC} \pm 2\%$ (from PSL).

Check also VPLL, VHLO, VTX, TXPWR and SYNTHPWR 4.7V

see diagrams at page #26 and / or change N601 if necessary

Check UHF oscillator frequency 1018 MHz at N820, pin 6, change G001 if necessary

Check VHF oscillator frequency 232 MHz at N820, pin 15

Check VHF 232 MHz at N551, pin 16,19 $\sim -26\text{dBm}$

Check $\frac{1}{2}$ VHF 116 MHz output at N551, pin 28 $\sim -30\text{dBm}$, change N551 if necessary

Check $\frac{1}{2}$ VHF 116 MHz at C710 ($\sim -12\text{dBm}$) and at V702 ($\sim -25\text{dBm}$)

Check UHF 1018 MHz at V702 $\sim -10\text{dBm}$

Check 902 MHz at V710, Basis pin $\sim -39\text{dBm}$ and collector pin $\sim -20\text{dBm}$

Check 902 MHz at Z713 input ($\sim -23\text{dBm}$) and output ($\sim -26\text{dBm}$)

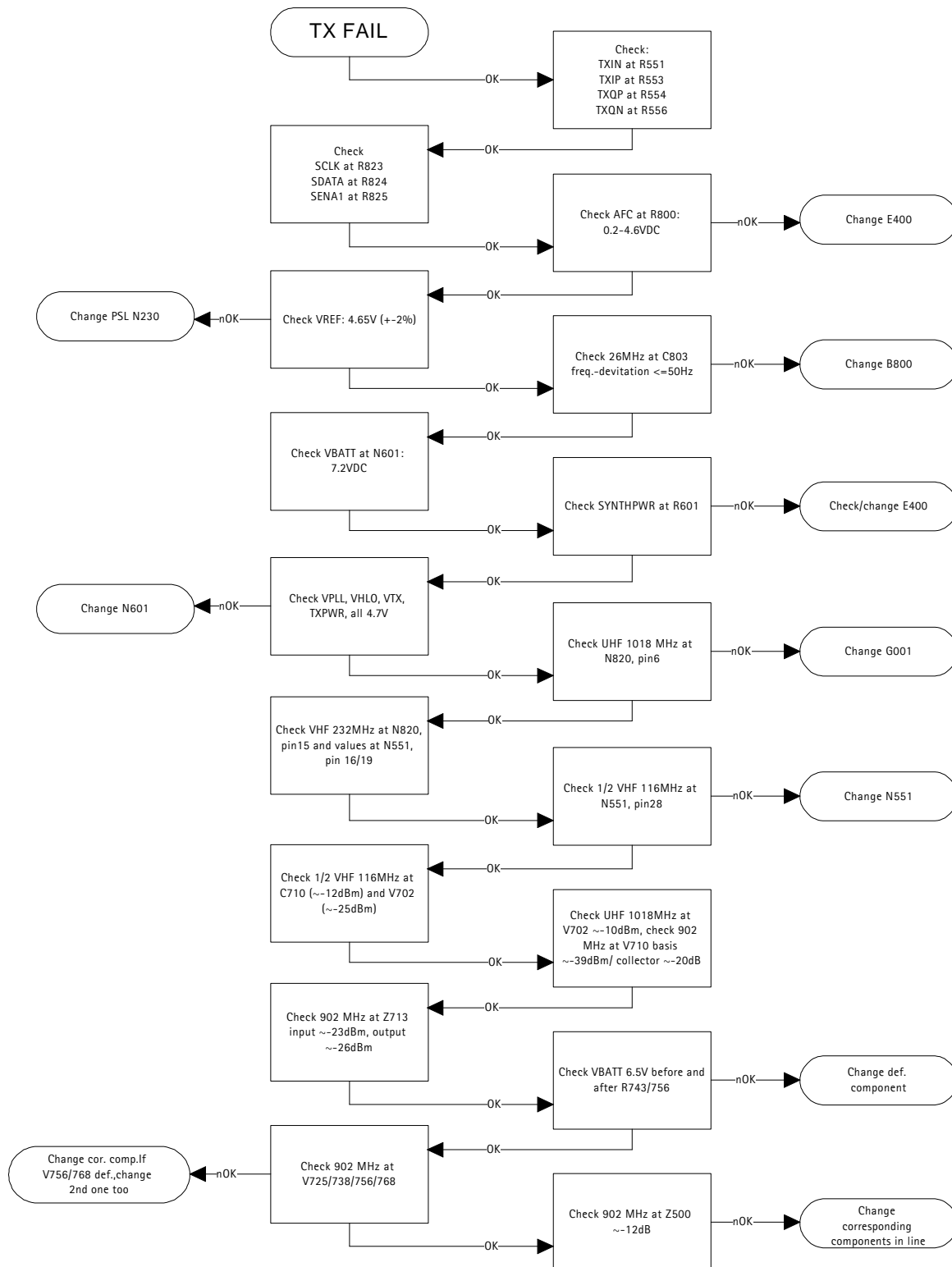
Check VBATT 6.5V before and after R743 and R756, change corresponding component

Check 902 MHz at V725 / V738 / V756 and V768 in- & output

If V756/V768 defect for itself, change the second one as well in every case

Check 902 MHz at Z500 ($\sim -12\text{dBm}$), change corresponding component(s)

RAE-1



POOR OR NO SERVICE (RAK-1)

First of all check always the appearance of all mechanical components, connections or connectors like coax cable, and connectors X503 / X501 / X035.

If the mechanical condition is OK, calibrate RX/TX values to find out the trouble.

RX failed

At first check if there is a TX-spectrum is standard frequency of 1747,4MHz /CH 698

If TX spectrum and an RSSI calibration not possible – probably MCM2 / E400 faulty

If spectrum ok, check the following points...

Measurements taken by input signal 1842,4MHz / CH 698 and level -40dBm

Check Data signals coming from MCM2

SCLK	:	3Vpp squarewave at R823
SDATA	:	4.5Vpp squarewave at R824
SENA1	:	3Vpp squarewave at R825
PDATA0	:	5Vpp squarewave at R507

and/or **see diagrams at page #26**, check also AFC at R800, 0.2-4.6VDC.

Change MCM2 / E400 if one or more of these signals failed

If these signals are ok, check the reference frequency of 26 MHz at N820, pin 8 frequency deviation $\leq 50\text{Hz}$, change B800 if necessary.

Check also VREF $4.65\text{VDC} \pm 2\%$ (from PSL),

Check also VPLL, VHLO, VRX, RXPWR and SYNTHPWR 4.7V.

See diagrams at page #26 and / or change N601 if necessary

Check UHF oscillator frequency 1529.4 MHz at N820, pin 5, change G001 if necessary

Check VHF oscillator frequency 400MHz at N820, pin 16.

Check 1842.4MHz at Z500, RX pin $\sim -50\text{dBm}$.

Check 1842.4MHz at V501, Basis pin $\sim -70\text{dBm}$ and output at collector pin $\sim -52\text{dBm}$.

Check 1842.4MHz in and out at Z505, attenuation $\leq 5\text{dBm}$.

Change corresponding components, check UHF 1529.4MHz at V511.

Check 1st IF 313MHz at V511 / L511 $\sim -65\text{dBm}$ / change V511 if necessary, check 313MHz at V531 / L530.

Check 87MHz at L531 – if not ok – check / change V531.

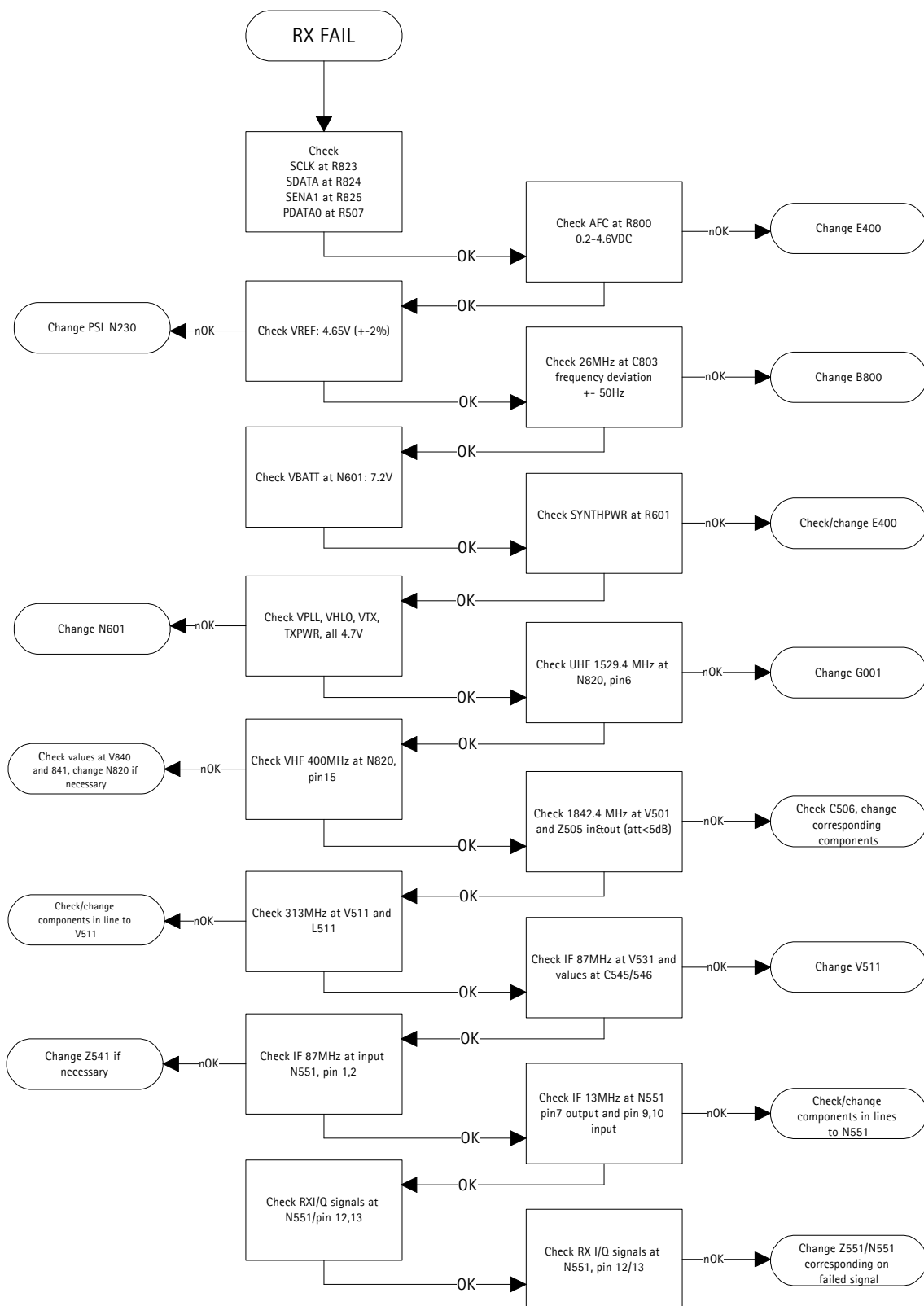
Check 2nd IF 87MHz at L542 (input of Z541) approximately -37dBm and output of Z541 with $\leq 20\text{dBm}$ attenuation at C545 / C546.

Check 2nd IF 87MHz at N551, pin 1,2 $\sim -56\text{dBm}$ – not ok check lines back to Z541

Check 3rd IF 13 MHz at N551 out, pin 7 and in at pin 9,10

Check 13 MHz RXI / RXQ $\sim -21\text{dBm}$ at N551, pin 13,12, change Z551 / N551 if necessary

RAK-1



LOW OR NO TX POWER (RAK-1)

First of all check always the appearance of all mechanical components, connections or connectors like coax cable, and connectors X503 / X501 / X035.

Measurements taken by active unit TX channel 698, 1747.4MHz

Check TX I/Q and Data signals coming from MCM2

TXIN	:	400mVpp squarewave at R551
TXIP	:	400mVpp squarewave at R553
TXQP	:	400mVpp squarewave at R554
TXQN	:	400mVpp squarewave at R556
SCLK	:	3Vpp squarewave at R823
SDATA	:	4.5Vpp squarewave at R824
SENA1	:	3Vpp squarewave at R825 and/or see diagrams at page 26

Change MCM2/E400 if one or more of these signals failed.

If these signals are ok check the reference frequency of 26 MHz at N820, pin 8 frequency deviation $\leq 50\text{Hz}$

Change B800 if necessary.

Check also VREF $4.65\text{V} \pm 2\%$ (from PSL),

Check also VPLL, VHLO, VTX, TXPWR and SYNTHPWR: 4.7V

See diagrams at page #26 and / or change N601 if necessary.

Check UHF oscillator frequency 1529.4MHz at N820, pin 5, change G001 if necessary.

Check VHF oscillator frequency 400MHz at N820, pin 16.

Check VHF 400MHz at N551, pin 16,19: ($\sim -26\text{dBm}$)

Check $\frac{1}{2}$ VHF 200MHz output at N551, pin 28: ($\sim -30\text{dBm}$), change N551 if necessary

Check $\frac{1}{2}$ VHF 200MHz at C710 ($\sim -12\text{dBm}$) and at V702 ($\sim -25\text{dBm}$)

Check UHF 1547.4MHz at V702 $\sim -10\text{dBm}$.

Check 1747.4MHz at V710, Base pin $\sim -39\text{dBm}$ and collector pin $\sim -20\text{dBm}$.

Check 1747.4MHz at Z713 in & out (attenuation $\leq 10\text{dBm}$).

Check VBATT 7.2V at V738 and V755, R768, change corresponding component.

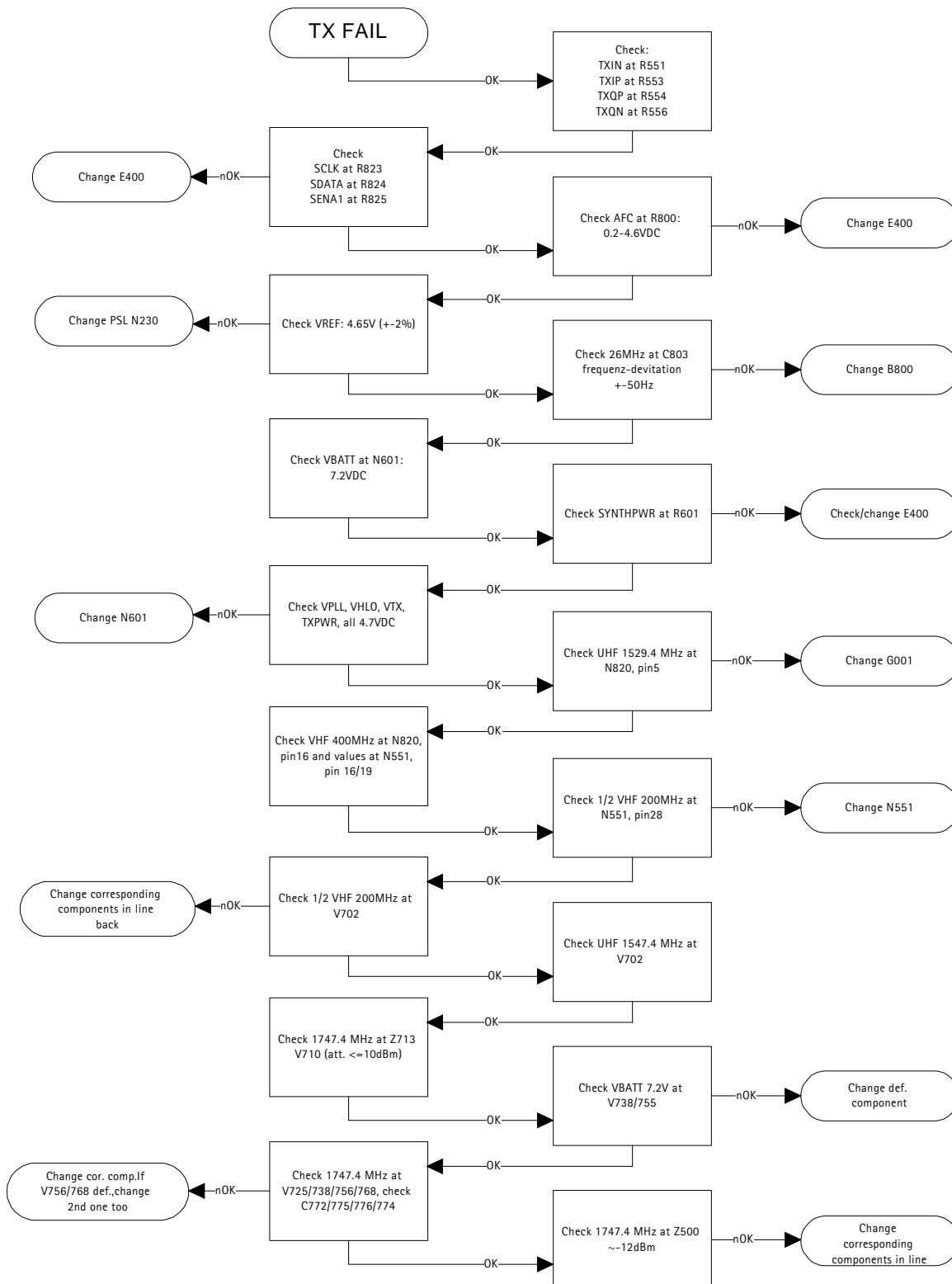
Check 1747.4MHz at V725 / V738 / V756 and V768 in- & output.

If V756/V768 defect for itself, change the second one as well in every case.

Check C772, C775, C776, and C774 – change if necessary.

Check 1747.4MHz at Z500 ($\sim -12\text{dBm}$), change corresponding component(s).

RAK-1



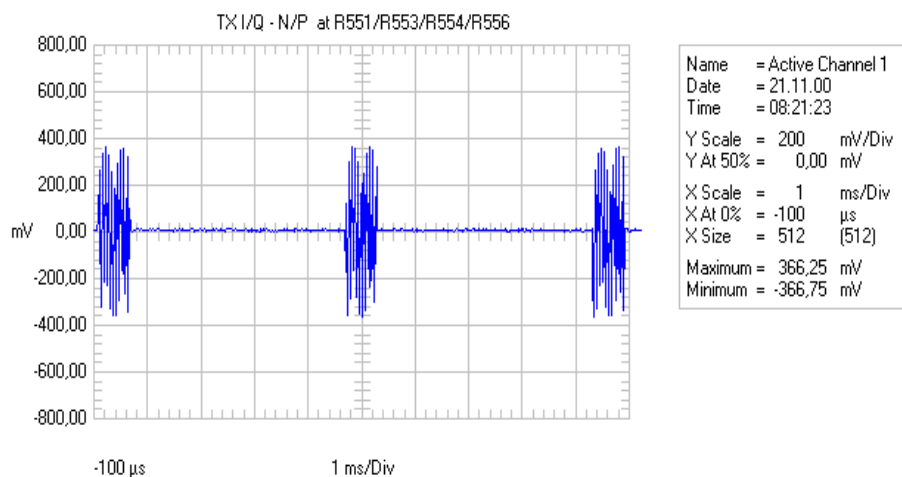
Spectrum out of range / no spectrum (noise only)

First of all check always the appearance of all mechanical components, connections or connectors like coax cable, and connectors X503 / X501 / X035.

Check 26 MHz reference frequency at N820, pin 8
Change B800 if frequency deviation higher than +/-50Hz
Check VREF 4.65VDC \pm 2% at C806
Change N230 if VREF fails

Check TX I/Q signals coming from MCM2 / E400

TXIN	:	400mVpp squarewave at R551
TXIP	:	400mVpp squarewave at R553
TXQP	:	400mVpp squarewave at R554
TXQN	:	400mVpp squarewave at R556



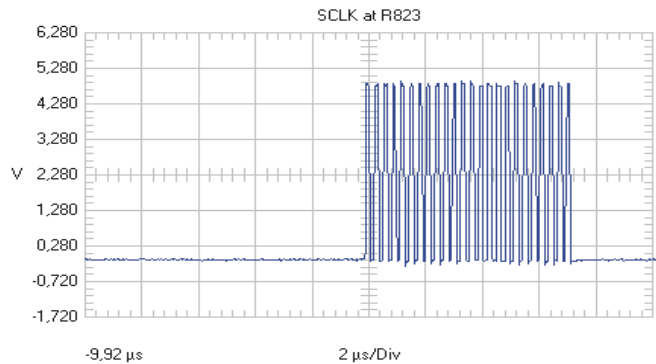
Check TXC (at R574) and TXP (at R571) signals to N551

See diagrams at pages #26+27

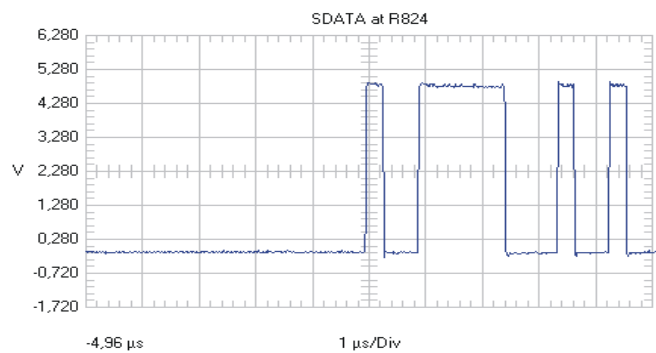
Check soldering / change N551 if necessary

Check soldering / change E400 if necessary

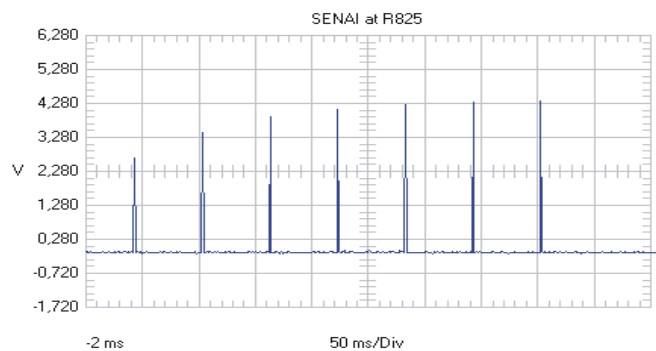
SIGNAL CHARTS



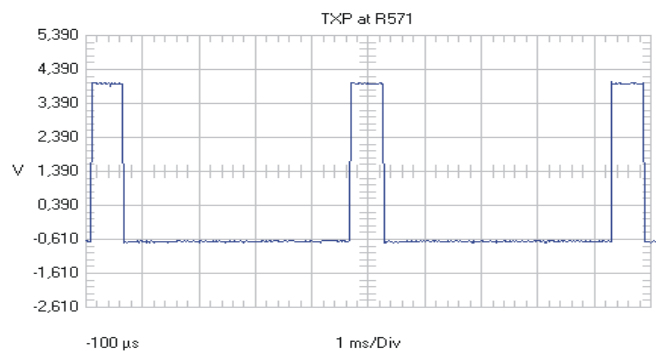
Name = Active Channel 1
Date = 21.11.00
Time = 09:59:34
Y Scale = 1 V/Div
Y At 50% = 2.280 V
X Scale = 2 μ s/Div
X At 0% = -9.92 μ s
X Size = 512 (512)
Maximum = 4.917 V
Minimum = -290.0 mV



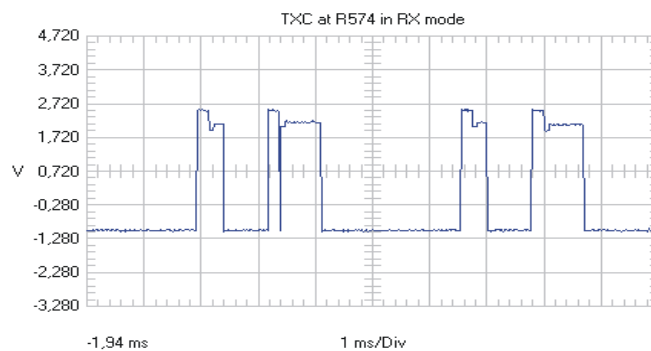
Name = Active Channel 1
Date = 21.11.00
Time = 10:00:38
Y Scale = 1 V/Div
Y At 50% = 2.280 V
X Scale = 1 μ s/Div
X At 0% = -4.96 μ s
X Size = 512 (512)
Maximum = 4.917 V
Minimum = -248.7 mV



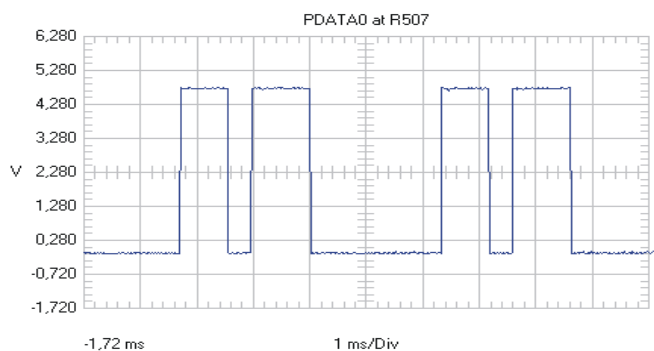
Name = Active Channel 1
Date = 21.11.00
Time = 10:02:53
Y Scale = 1 V/Div
Y At 50% = 2.280 V
X Scale = 50 ms/Div
X At 0% = -2 ms
X Size = 512 (512)
Maximum = 4.355 V
Minimum = -166.2 mV



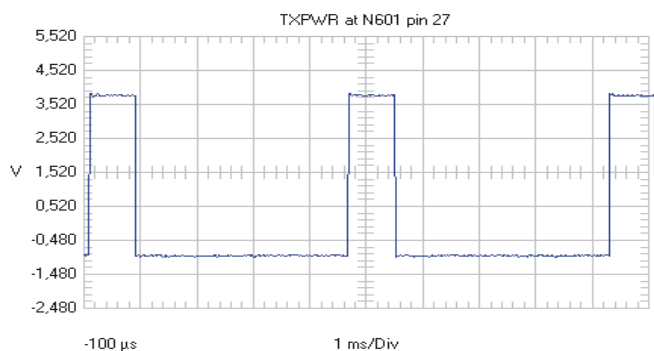
Name = Active Channel 1
Date = 21.11.00
Time = 09:43:24
Y Scale = 1 V/Div
Y At 50% = 1.390 V
X Scale = 1 ms/Div
X At 0% = -100 μ s
X Size = 512 (512)
Maximum = 4.027 V
Minimum = -728.1 mV



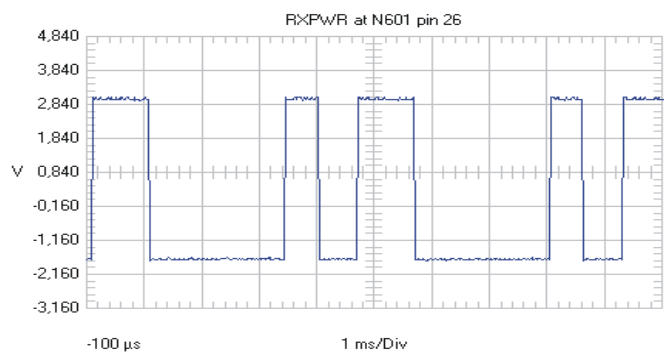
Name = Active Channel 1
Date = 09.04.01
Time = 09:54:37
Y Scale = 1 V/Div
Y At 50% = 720,0 mV
X Scale = 1 ms/Div
X At 0% = -1,94 ms
X Size = 500 (512)
Maximum = 2,550 V
Minimum = -1,076 V



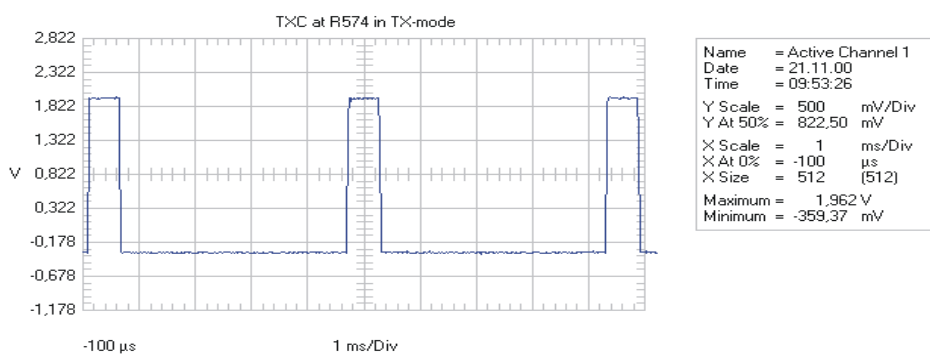
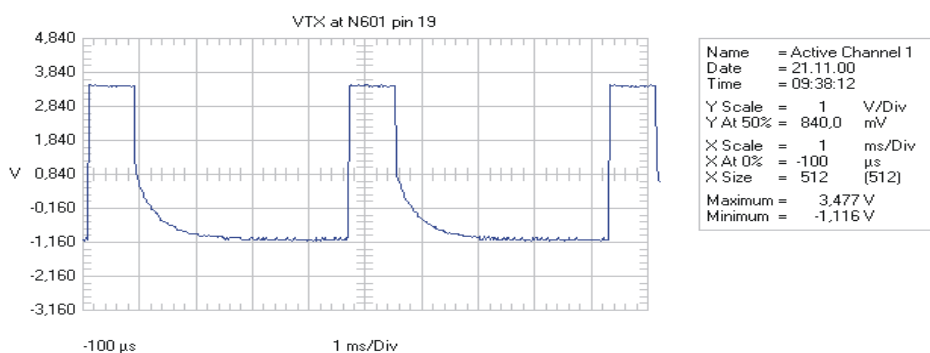
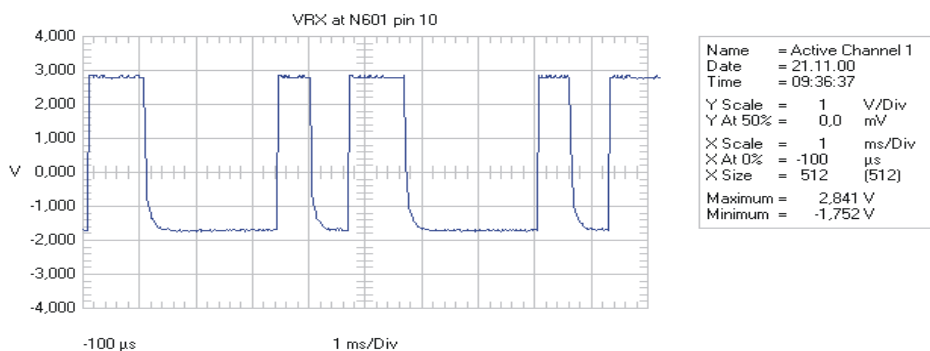
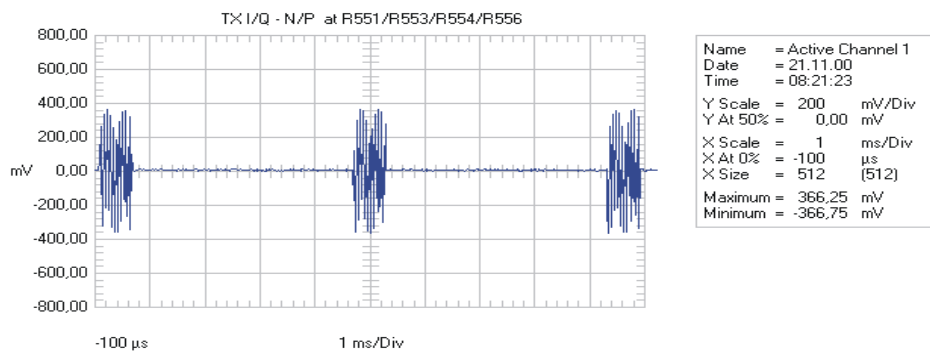
Name = Active Channel 1
Date = 21.11.00
Time = 10:06:26
Y Scale = 1 V/Div
Y At 50% = 2,280 V
X Scale = 1 ms/Div
X At 0% = -1,72 ms
X Size = 512 (512)
Maximum = 4,796 V
Minimum = -125,0 mV



Name = Active Channel 1
Date = 21.11.00
Time = 09:39:48
Y Scale = 1 V/Div
Y At 50% = 1,520 V
X Scale = 1 ms/Div
X At 0% = -100 μs
X Size = 512 (512)
Maximum = 3,845 V
Minimum = -993,8 mV



Name = Active Channel 1
Date = 21.11.00
Time = 09:41:16
Y Scale = 1 V/Div
Y At 50% = 840,0 mV
X Scale = 1 ms/Div
X At 0% = -100 μs
X Size = 512 (512)
Maximum = 3,039 V
Minimum = -1,769 V



CHANGE HISTORY

Originator	State	Version	Date	Comment
CC-Training-Group	Draft	0.1	16.03.2001	First draft version for the repair group
CC-Training-Group	Approved	1.0	05.04.2001	First approved version. Comments of repairgroup added.